

ExCAPE

Expeditions in Computer Augmented Program Engineering

Rajeev Alur, Ras Bodik, Jeff Foster, Bjorn Hartmann, Lydia Kavraki,
Hadas Kress-Gazit, Stephane Lafortune, Boon Loo, P. Madhusudan,
Milo Martin, George Pappas, Alberto Sangiovanni-Vincentelli, Sanjit
Seshia, Armando Solar-Lezama, Paulo Tabuada, Stavros Tripakis,
Moshe Vardi, Steve Zdancewic

Cornell, Maryland, Michigan, MIT, Penn, Rice, UC Berkeley, UCLA, UIUC

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Software: Enabling Technology with a Caveat



Software → New features, Automation, Customization, Flexibility

Software → Bugs, Cost overruns, Cancelled projects

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Grand challenge: Transform technology for software development

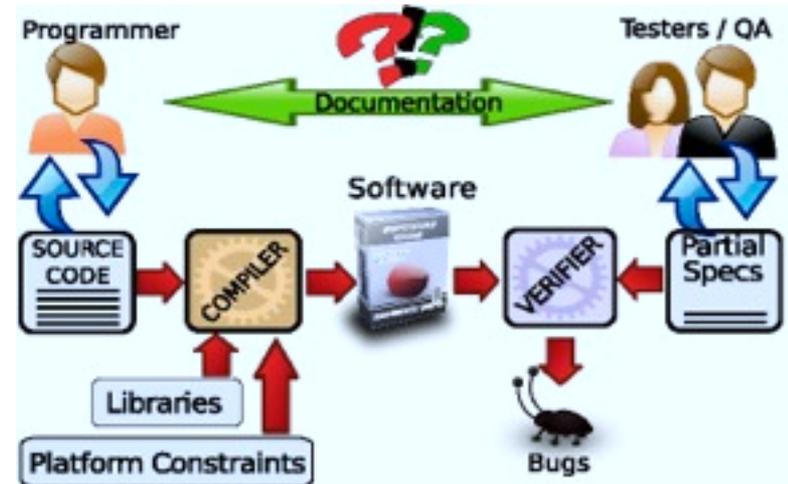
Software Design Methodology

□ What has changed:

- ◆ Programming languages
- ◆ Libraries
- ◆ Verification technology

□ What has not changed:

- ◆ Programming is done by experts
- ◆ Fully specified by conventional programming
- ◆ Verification phase is distinct from design



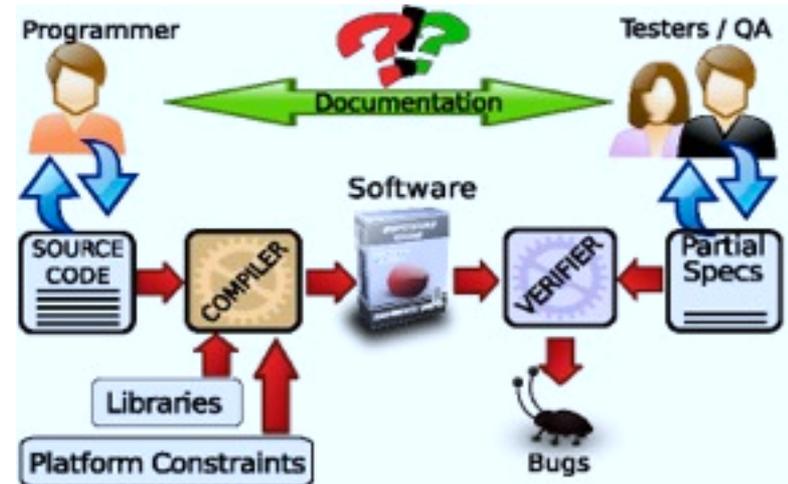
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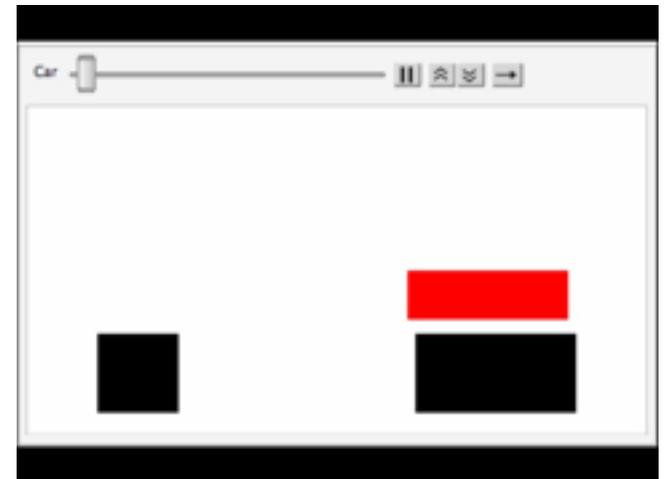
Can we leverage modern analysis tools and increased computing power to revolutionize the task of programming?

Inspiration: Recent innovations in synthesis illustrated by 3 projects

Sketch: Program completion

Ref: Solar-Lezama et al (PLDI 2010)

```
Err = 0.0;
for(t = 0; t < T; t += dT){
  if(stage == STRAIGHT){
    if(t > ??) stage = INTURN;
  }
  if(stage == INTURN){
    car.ang = car.ang - ??;
    if(t > ??) stage = OUTTURN;
  }
  if(stage == OUTTURN){
    car.ang = car.ang + ??;
    if(t > ??) break;
  }
  simulate_car(car);
  Err += check_collision(car);
}
Err += check_destination(car);
```



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Backup straight

Turn

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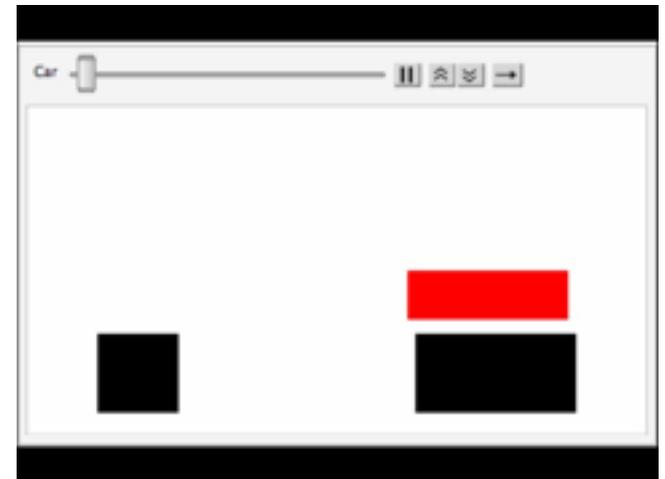
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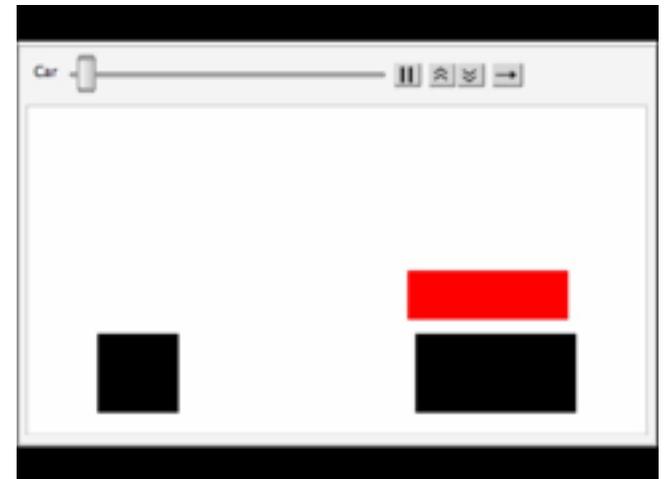
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Enables programmers to focus on high-level solution strategy

QuickCode: Programming by Examples

Ref: Gulwani (POPL 2011)

Input	Output
(425)-706-7709	425-706-7709
510.220.5586	510-220-5586
1 425 235 7654	425-235-7654
425 745-8139	425-745-8139

- ◆ Infers desired Excel macro program
- ◆ Iterative: user gives examples and corrections
- ◆ Being incorporated in next version of Microsoft Excel

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Enables non-programmers to program interactively

Paraglide: From Sequential to Parallel Code

Ref: Vechev et al (POPL 2010)

Sequential Program

```
bool add(int key) {  
  atomic  
  Entry *pred,*curr,*entry  
  locate(pred,curr,key);  
  k = (curr->key == key)  
  if (k) return false  
  entry = new Entry()  
  entry->next = curr  
  pred->next = entry  
  return true  
}
```

Paraglide

Minimal Synchronization

```
bool add(int key) {  
  Entry *pred,*curr,*entry  
  restart:  
  locate(pred,curr,key)  
  k = (curr->key == key)  
  if (k) return false  
  entry = new Entry()  
  entry->next = curr  
  val= CAS(&pred->next,<curr,0>,<entry,0>)  
  if (!val) goto restart  
  return true  
}
```

Architecture Description



- ◆ Target: Highly concurrent work queue in C/C++
- ◆ Infers minimal number of fences needed for synchronization
- ◆ Unexpected, correct, minimal solutions now deployed in IBM

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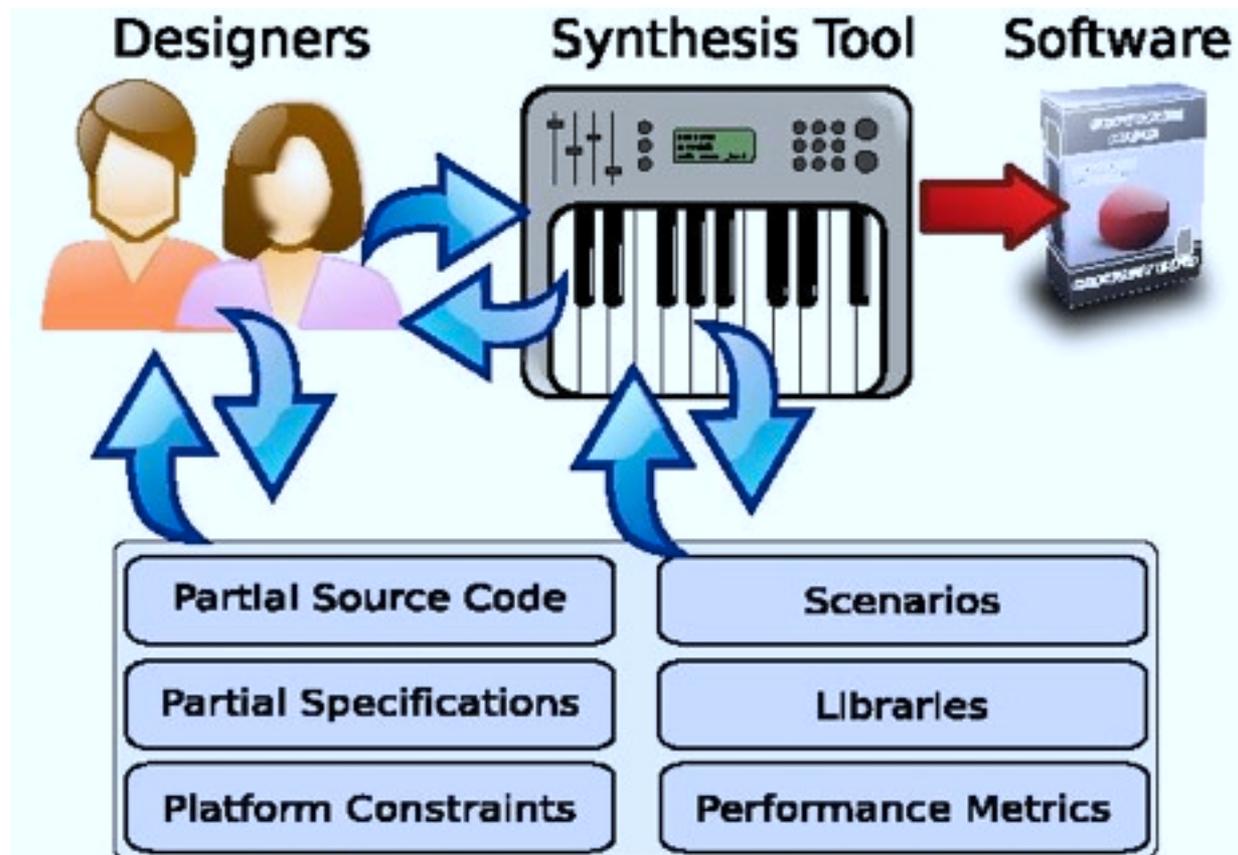
Enables programmers to meet new programming challenges

ExCAPE Vision

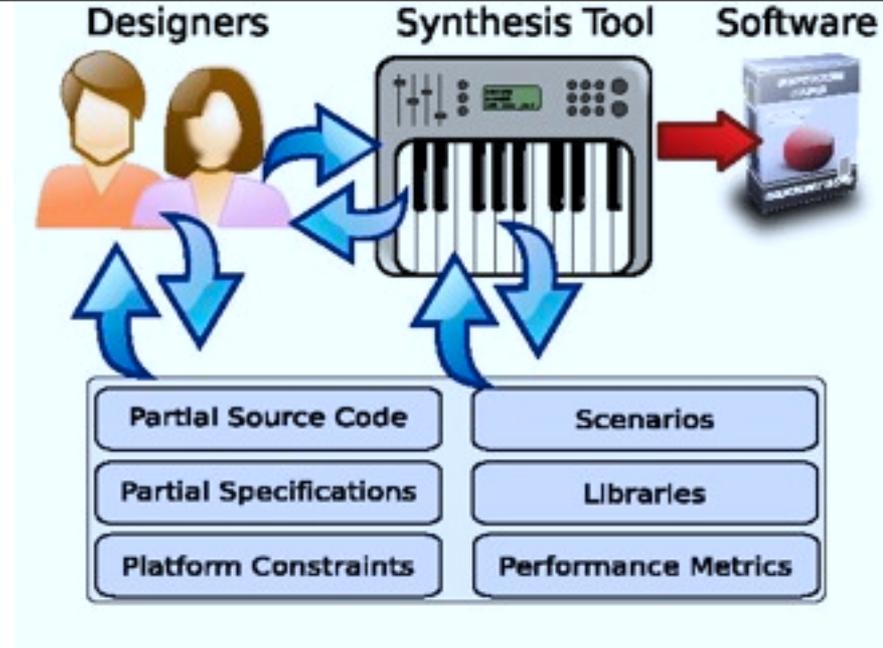
Harnessing computation to transform programming:

Programming made easier, faster, cheaper

Key enabler for next-generation software applications



ExCAPE Design Solution



- ❑ Designer expresses "what", possibly using multiple input formats
- ❑ Synthesizer discovers new artifacts via integration and completion
- ❑ Synthesizer solves computationally demanding problems using advanced analysis tools
- ❑ Interactive iterative design
- ❑ Integrated formal verification

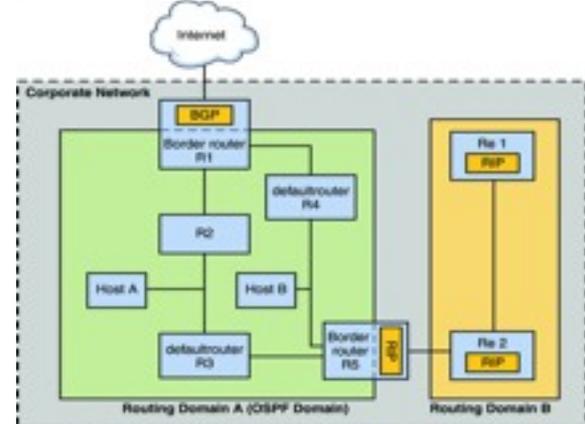
Challenge Problems

- ❑ Representative of complexity: cyber-physical systems on networked, multi-core platforms
- ❑ Concrete design problems to guide tools and methodology
- ❑ Multiple challenge problems to avoid domain-specific solutions

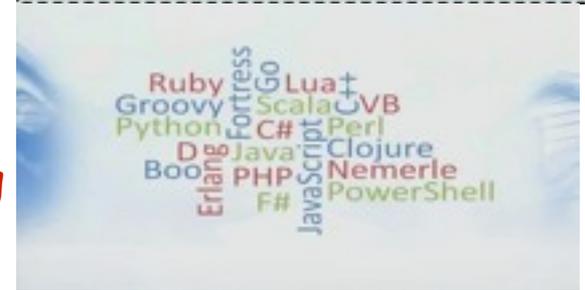
Robotic
Controllers



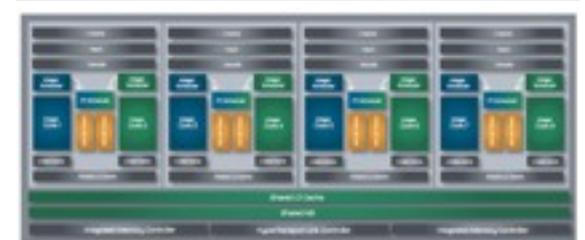
Networked
Systems



Concurrent
Programming



Multi-core
Protocols



AMD FX B-Core Architectural Diagram

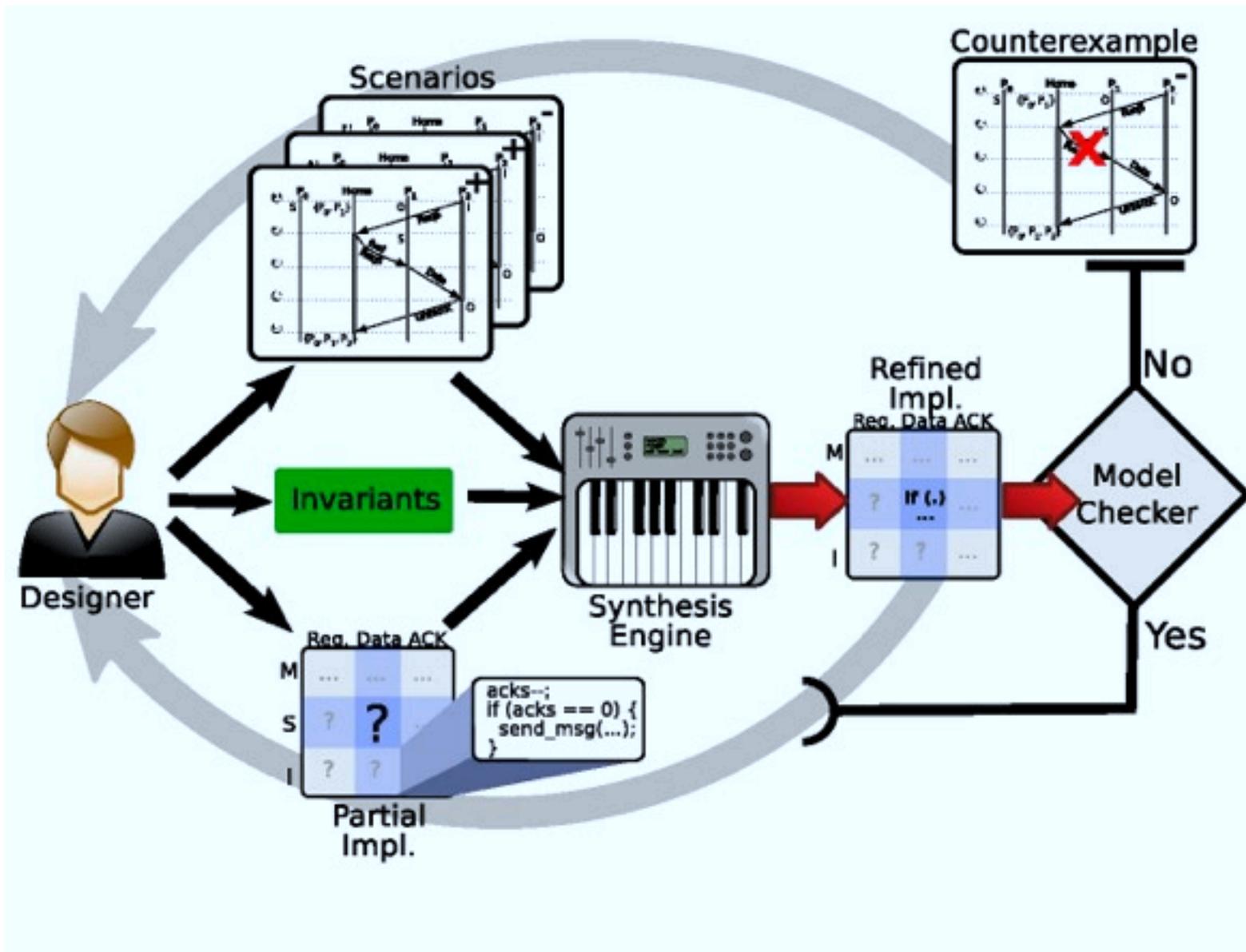


Proposed Research

In each challenge area,

- ◆ Identify a concrete design problem for which new solutions can enable new applications
- ◆ Identify most promising synthesis-based solution strategies
- ◆ Develop theoretical foundations and algorithmic advances
- ◆ Build tools and prototypes
- ◆ Evaluate tools for scalability, user interaction, and programmer productivity
- ◆ Refine and advance computational/methodological solutions and tools

Multicore Protocols: ExCAPE Design Solution



Multicore Protocols: Research Questions

- ❑ How to consistently integrate (partial) state machines, example scenarios, and temporal-logic requirements ?
- ❑ How to suggest potential fixes ?
- ❑ What's a good programming notation for multi-modal specifications?
- ❑ How to program synthesis engine with completion strategies specific to a problem domain (e.g. cache coherence) ?
- ❑ How to address scalability ?
- ❑ How to evaluate and measure impact on programmer productivity ?



Foster Hartmann Lafortune Kavraki Kress-Gazit Loo

Madhusudan



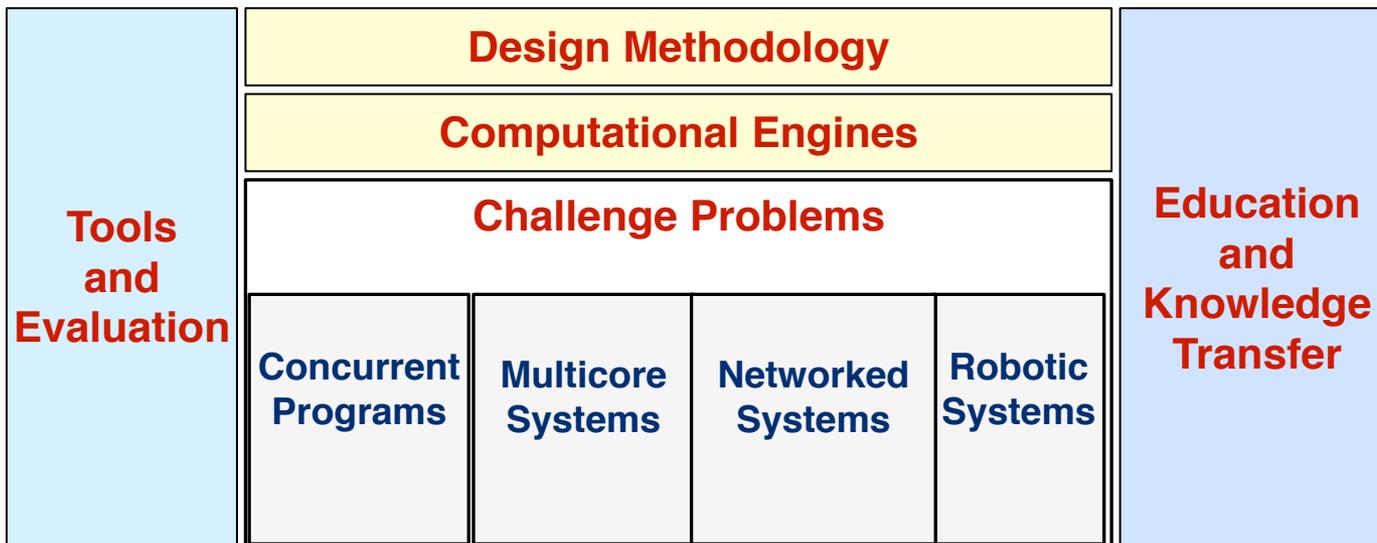
Bodik



Alur



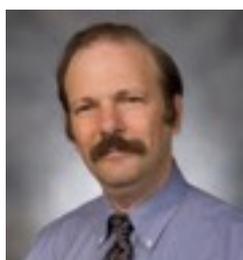
Zdancewic



Martin



Pappas



Vardi



Tripakis



Tabuada



Solar-Lezama



Seshia



Sangiovanni

Impacting Industrial Practice

- ❑ Keys to transitioning academic research to industrial practice
 1. Market pull and industrial interest
 2. Algorithmic advances and computational tools
 3. Methodology for integration in design cycle

- ❑ Our plan: Advance computational tools and methodology, and demonstrate benefits on meaningful case studies

- ❑ Collaborators:
Chitta (Willow Garage), Gulwani (Microsoft), Vechev (IBM)

- ❑ Advisory Board:
Fix (Intel), Godbole (Honeywell), Kuehlmann (Coverity),
Lee (Microsoft), Wegman (IBM), Zave (AT&T)

Education and Outreach

- ❑ Annual workshop

 - Academic and industrial participants

- ❑ Summer school

 - Integrative and multi-disciplinary training

- ❑ Synthesis competition

 - Benchmarks and tool evaluation

- ❑ Undergraduate education

 - Course modules for CS and CE courses

- ❑ Attracting high-school students to CS and Engineering



 - Programming is not equal to coding



 - Projects in robotics



 - Collaboration with existing high-school programs at PI institutions

ExCAPE Vision

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